BETHE WAVE ARFRIGYDON

Microfibres

Lesson Plan











Welsh Government



Aims

- Develop understanding of the impact of microfibres on the marine environment and consider sustainability when making choices.
- Raise awareness of issues concerning marine litter and to encourage students to act constructively to make a real difference.

Objectives

- Define microplastics and microfibres
- Explain the source and impact of microfibres in detail
- Develop research and investigation skills into microfibres
- Apply knowledge of microplastics to everyday life through action #BeTheWave and Eco-Schools programme

Eco-schools topic	Global goals
• Litter	6 clean water and sanitation
	 12 responsible consumption
	 14 life below water

	9
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Links to the Curriculum for Wales

Purpose

Ambitious, capable learners who:

- Undertake research and critically evaluate what they find
- Build a body of knowledge

Ethical, informed citizens who:

- Engage in contemporary issues, understand, and consider their actions when making choices and acting
- Show their commitment to the sustainability of the planet

What Matters Descriptions of Learning

Progression Step: Three/Four

Science and Technology

- Suggest conclusions as a result of carrying out my inquiries
- Explain how the impact of our actions contribute to the changes in the environment and biodiversity.

Humanities

Have an understanding of my own and others environmental, economic and social responsibilities in creating a sustainable future

Languages, literacy and communication

Use inference and deduction to understand more complex texts and can consider the reliability and impact of what I read.







DCF Progression Step: Four

Creating digital content

- Select and use a variety of appropriate software, tools and techniques to create, modify and combine multimedia components for a range of audiences and purposes such as:
 - text and images, e.g. explore and use effectively image manipulation techniques; explore and use appropriately the many aspects of document layout; use animation, video and audio effects such as echo, tempo, envelope, layering, frame rate, key frames
 - presentation, e.g. use design tools; adapt themes and colours to suit the purpose; create master templates.

LNF Progression Step: Four

Writing

- Present work appropriately in digital contexts using appropriate digital conventions, e.g. thumbnails, language preferences.
- Adapt writing style, choosing and using the best structures for different contexts and purposes, e.g. to successfully describe, explain, persuade, discuss.
- Select and use appropriate strategies to plan and develop my writing for different purposes and audiences.

Cynefin

Articles for research regrading microplastics include the Welsh Swimmer Laura Sanderson, Microplastic levels in Welsh rivers, and the largest microplastic citizen science at Bangor University.

Examples of communities and enterprise that are working to minimise microplastics in the environment.

Activity One	Resources and Equipment
What are microplastics? Students work in pairs/small groups to discuss the images and complete the inference grids feedback to class. [what can I see? what can I infer(guess) what connections have I made between the pictures? What questions could I ask to further my knowledge or understanding?]	Pictures in Presentation Inference grid 1 per group Question Matrix (Included in the Presentation)
To support students to develop questions provide a question matrix to help develop deeper inquiry question stems.	







Activity Two	Resources and Equipment
Researching Microplastics	
Split students into groups each group reads a different article about microplastics	Articles per group
(Note: the articles cover a range of microplastic sources including microplastics from the breakdown of plastic and in cosmetics, the microfibres from synthetic clothes and microplastics from car tyres causing air pollution – this can be linked to marine as the particles are washed in the water system after rain as in the source to sea lesson)	Microplastics Summary Worksheet
Students highlight and categorise key information in different colours and annotate the articles (Thematic analysis)	
e.g. facts in blue, opinions in yellow, positives in green, negatives in red or using PESTLE analysis (PESTLE analysis - Critical thinking and problem solving - WBQ National: Foundation KS4 Revision - BBC Bitesize)	
And RURU credibility criteria (<u>Credibility criteria - Critical thinking and problem solving - WBQ National: Foundation KS4 Revision - BBC Bitesize</u>)	
Share key information as a class through snowball discussions, posters, Q&A, presentations. During the feedback students should complete the Microplastics summary worksheet. Students then co-construct on a definition for the term microplastics. This could be done as a think, pair, share then common elements included in the overall class definition.	
What are the impacts of microplastics? Watch the video clips https://vimeo.com/481186590 (1:33) The Story of Microfibers - YouTube (2:47)	Video clips (included in the Presentation)
Whilst watching the clips students add further information to the Microplastics summary worksheet Find out what your clothes are made of by looking at the labels are they natural or synthetic fibres?	Microplastics Summary Worksheet (used in previous activity







Activity Three	Resources and Equipment
Investigating microfibres in water – Practical Activity	
	Method (Included in the
Each group will investigate 1 source of fibre and results can be	Presentation)
shared amongst the class.	Range of fibres or
Methodology can be found in the Presentation.	materials (rope, string,
	fleece, cotton etc)
Encourage students to consider scale of problem, how many fibres	Water
did they produce during this activity? How many fibres might a	Bowl
jumper produce? How many jumpers are in each load of washing?	Coffee filter paper
	Funnel
	Soap
	Equipment to magnify
	such as microscope, hand
	lens, mobile phone with
	greater than x10 zoom
	function or lens
	attachment.
	Scissors

#BeTheWave

Apply the knowledge gathered in the lesson into action as ethical and informed citizens. It is an important aspect to ensure students know they have the power to enact and make changes within their own lives and within the school. It is also a positive step which helps to balance some of the negative impacts explored within the lesson.

Decide on an action/actions to take forward either as individuals or as a class, these are some suggestions, or the class could generate their own.

School:

- Set up a swap shop/t shirts/school uniform/Christmas jumper.
- Work with the Eco-Committee to ensure school uniform is produced with natural Fairtrade materials which will shed less.

Individual:

- Commit to buying next 3 items of clothing as vintage/preloved
- Reduce the frequency of washing synthetic clothing or use a washing bag.
- Sign the marine conservation society petition Stop Ocean Threads https://www.mcsuk.org/what-you-can-do/campaigns/stop-ocean-threads/







Alternative Activities	Resources and Equipment
	The Great Nurdle Hunt,
Research the Nurdle Hunt Citizen Science Project.	Reducing plastic pellet pollution
Watch the video clip	at sea.
Get students to generate questions about the project and	
research answers.	https://youtu.be/VTSedYewQE0
Discuss how you could contribute as individuals/school.	
Write a letter to your MP informing them of the issues around microplastics and calling for action such as filters on new washing machines, cleaning up waterways.	
Language lessons on clothing could include phrases such as 'is this made of cotton?' 'Is this a synthetic material?'	





What questions could I ask to further my knowledge or understanding?		
	What can I infer (guess) from these photographs?	
	What connection have I made between the photographs?	
	What can I see?	

Microplasti	cs Summar <u>y</u>	Name:	Date:
What is a microplastic?	Where do microfibres come from?	How do microfibres end up in the rivers and oceans?	What information did you find most surprising/interesting/concerning? Give reasons for your choice
What is a primary microplastic?	List 3 impacts microplastics have on the environment?	Suggest 3 possible solutions to tackle microplastics?	
,	1.	1.	
What is a secondary microplastic?	2.	2.	How did this lesson make you feel? Why do you think that might be?
Why are tyres a problem?	3.	3.	do you amm andernight oc.
What research is	Leing carried out?	What is a nurdle?	
			#BeTheWave
List of references/websites/sources use	rd:		











